

Reference Card

For interpreting hawo InkTest results.

Ink Test (blue) Ink Test Plus (red)



The hawo InkTest is a standardised seal integrity test and an ideal procedure for detecting seal leaks in porous medical packaging by dye penetration as per EN ISO 11607-1, Appendix B (ASTM F1929-15 method C-eyedropper test).

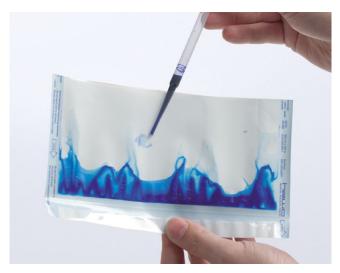
- 1. Operational and Performance Qualification (EN ISO 11607-2): The sealing seam's quality properties must be verified and documented during the validation as part of the operational and performance qualification.
- 2. Routine testing of the seal integrity:

The definition of a surveillance routine allows changes in the packaging process to be detected quickly.

Procedure:

- 1. Switch on the sealing device and wait until it has reached operating temperature and switch to test mode if necessary.
- 2. Seal an empty pouch or reel section; width at least 20 cm / length approx. 10 cm.
- 3. Cut the pouch approximately 5 cm above the sealing seam (the reel section is already open at the top).
- 4. Using a pipette, inject around 2 ml of dye penetrant into the opened pouch or reel section just above the sealing seam. Using a finger or cloth, rub the testing ink along the sealing seam from the outside.
- 5. After around 5 seconds, check whether the sealing seam is intact.
- 6. Seal leaks in the sealing seam (e.g. channels) bedome apparent as the ink visibly penetrates int the sealed seam

The hawo lnkTest allows you to spot any seal leaks in the sealing seam in under 5 seconds.



1. Intact sealing seam: The test ink does not penetrate the sealing seam. Hence, the sealing seam complies with the specification.



2. Faulty sealing seam: The test ink penetrates the sealing seam (e.g. channel). The sealing device should be checked (if necessary) and the test schould be repeated.